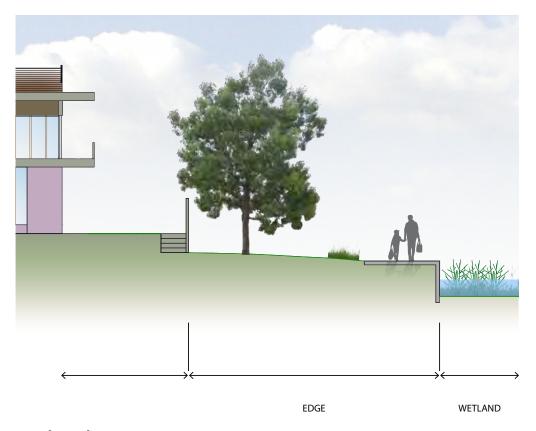


### **NOTES:**

- Different pavement treatment to sides of laneway is optional
- Where different pavement treatment to sides is not provided, central drainage line is to include pavement treatment other than asphalt
- Small tree planting to sides of laneway is optional

Cross Section Laneway (5.0 - 6.0m) Standard

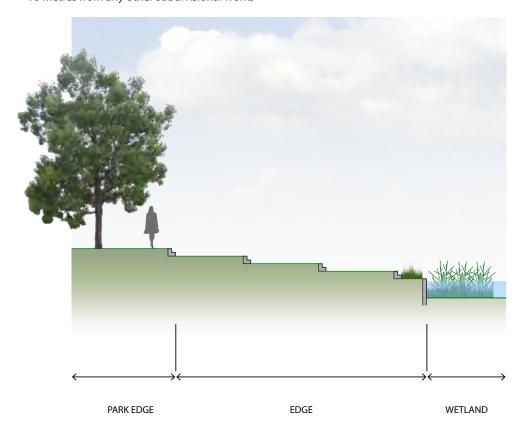




# Built Edge Treatment

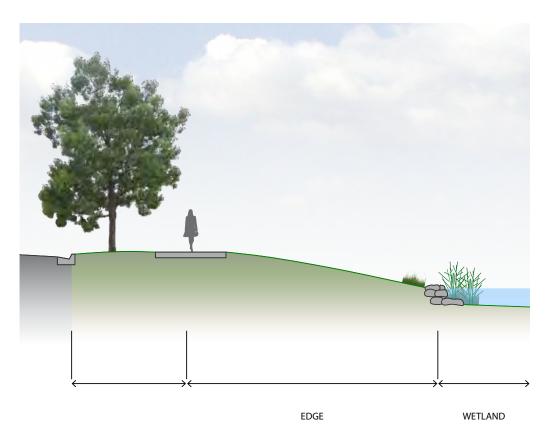
The minimum distance between a lot and the permanent edge of a water body is:

- 15 metres where residential
- 10 metres from any other subdivisional works

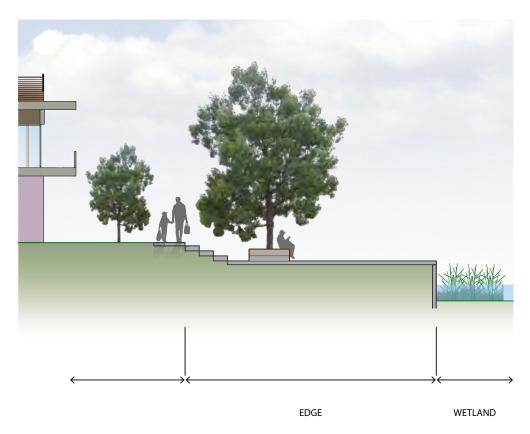


Park Edge Treatment





Soft Edge Treatment



**Urban Edge Treatment** 



## APPENDIX D OPEN SPACE CATEGORY GUIDE

#### City of Casey City Draft Park Classifications & Embellishment List

#### **PASSIVE RECREATION PARK**

A park that provides opportunities for a variety of recreational and social activities in a green space setting. Passive Recreation park's come in a variety of landforms, and in many cases provide opportunities to protect and enhance landscape amenity.

#### **NEIGHBOURHOOD**

- Passive recreation park suitable for local recreation/social activities
- Junior play emphasis
- Attracts users from the local area (ie 400m catchment)
- Recreational/social facilities suitable for local activities/events.
- Minimal support facilities (seats, bin etc)
- Footpath/bikeway links

#### **LINEAR PARK**

To provide pedestrian/cyclist links in a parkland setting.

A park that is developed and used for pedestrian and cyclist access, both recreational and commuter, between residential areas and key community destinations such as recreational facilities, schools and other community facilities, public transport and places of work. Linear Reserves are generally linear in nature and follow existing corridors such as water courses and roads. They usually contain paths or tracks (either formal or informal) that form part of a wider path/track network. While the primary function of Linear Reserve is pedestrian & cyclist access, these parks may serve additional purpose such as storm water conveyance, fauna movement and ecological/biodiversity protection.

#### **NEIGHBOURHOOD**

- Park corridor that provides local link
- Attracts users from the local area (ie 400m catchment)
- Capacity to sustain low level accessibility over short periods
- Minor access facilities eg path
- Footpath/bikeway links

#### **TOWN SQUARE/URBAN PARK**

(Area equal to or less than 0.3ha or unless otherwise designated)

A passive recreation park providing opportunities for a variety of recreational and social activities in an urban setting. They are located predominantly in medium to high density residential area and mixed use centres or corridors. They provide an important role in meeting the passive recreation needs of residents, workers and visitors in activity centres and/or medium to high density residential areas.

Town squares are to be predominately hard landscaped, while urban parks have less hardstand than town squares, but more than traditional neighbourhood passive recreation parks. Urban parks also offer the opportunity for low key kick and throw activities a small turfed area.

